

RWAGNER INS-0000928328

Inspection Report

Randy Hartsuiker 1760 Hwy 30 W Big Springs, NE 69122 Customer ID: **507288**

Certificate: **47-B-0124**

Site: 001

RANDY HARTSUIKER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 21-FEB-2024

2.40(b)(2)

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care (dealers and exhibitors).

• "Pistol" a 10-year-old, sedge, Chesapeake Bay Retriever, Identification Number (991001003035809) had hair loss around both eyes. Both eyes had numerous skin protrusions along the bottom eye lids, like for example, skin tags. The area around both eyes was wet and or moist. I asked the representative if this dog had seen the Attending Veterinarian (A.V.) for this condition. The representative replied, yes and the A.V. said the dog was fine. I then asked for documentation for this consultation, and the representative replied, there was none. This condition of both eyes could be a disease that is painful to the dog. This dog needs to see the A.V. and documentation of the consultation should be kept and provided to APHIS employees about request.

To be corrected by, 21-March-2024.

3.1(a) Repeat

Housing facilities, general.

• The Hill Kennel, housing two adult dogs, has an approximately 2' long by 1' wide hole dug by the dogs in front of the door. There is a ledge along the lower portion of the door protruding into the area of the hole. Kennel Building 2, housing two dogs, has an enclosure with and hole dug into the compact dirt underneath a panel along the divider fence. The hole is approximately 6' wide by 10' long. The facility representative mentioned that the dogs will craw through an opening in the panel into the hole in the ground and craw back out. The dogs could be possible injured from digging out under the divider fence, becoming stuck in a panel opening trying to get out. Also, becoming injured on the protruding ledge and or door frame of the shed.

Kennel Building 2 has an enclosure, housing one dog, where half of a plastic igloo doghouse is broken or chewed off. There is still the metal framing (a long bolt) for the flap at the entrance of the doghouse attached. The dog could get stuck or injured on the protruding long bolt that is at eye level of the dog in normal standing position.

For the prevention of injury and to contain the dogs securely, all enclosures must be kept in good repair.

3.1(c)(2)

Housing facilities, general.

Prepared By:	RANDALL WAGNER		Date:
Title:	ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	21-MAR-2024
Received by Title:	Representative		Date: 21-MAR-2024
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* The plywood doorway framing for The Hill Kennel, two wood dog Houses in Building 1 and 2 Kennel area and plywood back panel in the Atrium Kennel, wood surface's, were scratched and chewed with strips of Plywood peeling off. These worn and soiled surfaces are not being maintained on a regular basis, therefore these surfaces cannot be properly cleaned and sanitized. This can increase disease hazards for five adult dogs and four puppies housed in these areas.

For proper cleaning and sanitization and the prevention of disease hazards, all surfaces must be maintained on a regular basis.

To be corrected by, 23-March-2024.

3.1(c)(3)

Housing facilities, general.

• Several plastic igloo doghouses and rubber tires throughout several kennel enclosure's have an accumulation of grime, dirt, and or fecal waste on their surface. Some rubber tires have stagnant water inside. The outdoor enclosures have soiled straw on the ground and inside the shelters. This absorbent bedding is wet in areas and moldy. The concrete floor and lower portion of the panel dividers inside the Atrium Kennel have an accumulation of wet dark brown waste and dirt on their surfaces. These surfaces with an accumulation of fecal waste, grime and dirt indicates that required daily-spot cleaning is not taking place. The stagnant water inside the tires can provide living and breeding areas for insects and other pests. This can increase the disease hazards for 34 adult dogs and 17 puppies.

For the prevention of an accumulation of excreta, living and breeding areas for insects and other pests and for the reduction of disease hazards, all surfaces must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized when necessary.

To be corrected by, 22-March-2024.

3.4(b)

Outdoor housing facilities.

• There are three outdoor enclosures, all housing two adult dogs and four puppies, located in a large tin barn that is part of building 1 Kennel. The ambient temperature in this large barn cannot be controlled. The enclosure housing two large dogs has the bottom half of a medium taxi carrier on it's side for a shelter. Two large breed juvenile puppies have a medium taxi carrier with no front and air openings on the side for a shelter. The end enclosure has two juvenile large breed dogs with a small burgundy taxi carrier. These shelters, with proper bedding, cannot provide protection from the cold/extreme cold temperatures to keep the dogs warm. These shelters do not provide enough room for dogs to sit, stand, lie in a normal manner, or move about freely. As a result, the dogs can suffer in colder temperature ranges and possibly be injured from the extreme cold temperatures.

For the protection from the cold and other elements that affect the health and well-being of the dogs, all outdoor shelters must have a solid roof, walls, and floor. The shelters must provide enough room for the dogs to sit, stand, lie in a normal manner, or move about freely.

To be corrected by 23-March-2024.

	RANDALL WAGNER ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date: 21-MAR-2024
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3.6(a)(2)(ix)

Primary enclosures.

• There are three enclosures, all housing two adult dogs and four puppies, inside the large tin barn with dirt flooring. This flooring is dry and very dusty. The dirt flooring absorbs the urine and some fecal waste from the dogs. However, there is no direct sunlight for parasite control. This dirt flooring can become contaminated from absorbing the urine and fecal waste. This can increase the disease potential for the dogs.

For prevention of disease hazards for the dogs, all dirt flooring enclosures must have exposure to dirt sunlight and must be replaced when worn or contaminated over time.

To be corrected by, 23-March-2024

3.11(a) Repeat

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

• Several enclosures with grass and dirt floors have an excessive accumulation of fecal waste. The fecal waste is wet to dry and brown to white and or grey in color. This indicates the fecal waste is not being spot cleaned and or removed from the enclosure's daily. The facility representative was asked when the last time the runs were cleaned and stated, last week because of the weather. Accumulations of fecal waste can attract pests, insects, and create odors. As a result, this can increase the disease hazards for the 21 adult dogs and eight puppies.

For the prevention of accumulating fecal waste that increases odors, pests and insect infestations and disease hazards, all enclosures must have waste removed daily.

3.11(c) Repeat

Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

- Several enclosures throughout the premises have an accumulation of pieces of plastic, blue/green twine, woven plastic bags and or plastic and frayed soiled carpet on the ground. There were frayed carpet strings in the straw bedding too. The 11 adult dogs and 12 puppies can swallow and ingest these item(s) potentially causing injury.
- The three enclosures, all housing four puppies and two adult dogs, inside the large tin barn, have pieces of carpet, pieces of wood trim, empty open dog food bags for trash, and air conditioning unit, a bale of soiled/moldy straw bedding and soiled straw scattered on the ground around the enclosures. There was a pallet of stacked bags of concrete mixture with an accumulation of dust on top next to the enclosures. This can attract and provide living and breeding areas rodents, other pests, and vermin possibly affecting the health of the dogs. If the animals were to get out of their enclosures these item(s) could injure the animals if ingested.

For the prevention of injury to the dogs and prevention of living and breeding areas for rodents, other pests and vermin, all enclosures and surrounding grounds around the enclosures must be kept clean and free of accumulations of soiled bedding, discarded material and waste products.

This inspection and exit interview were conducted with facility representative.

	RANDALL WAGNER ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR	USDA, APHIS, Animal Care	Date: 21-MAR-2024
Received by Title:	Representative		Date: 21-MAR-2024



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Inspection Report

Prepared By: RANDALL WAGNER Date:

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care 21-MAR-2024

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Received by Title: Representative Date:

21-MAR-2024



Customer: 507288

Inspection Date: 21-Feb-2024

Species Inspected

Cust No	Cert No	Site	Site Name	Inspection
507288	47-B-0124	001	RANDY HARTSUIKER	21-FEB-2024

CountScientific NameCommon Name000047Canis familiarisDOG ADULT000019Canis familiarisDOG PUPPY

000066 **Total**